Heritage Information

Unique Id:

BGD-10.06.2023.00105

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Section-1: Identification of the element	-
☐ Heritage Location ☐ Division	
Barishal	
[] District	
Barishal	
[] Upazila	
Barishal Sadar (Kotwali)	
Details Address	
Geolocation(Latitude)	
22.69999722	
Geolocation(Longitude)	
90.36666389	
□ Community Category	
Religious	
[] Community	
Hindu	
□ Name of the Heritage, (as used by the community or group concerned)	
Diwali, 'Festival of lights' at Mahasmashan, Hindu Crematorium	
☐ Short title of the Heritage, (preferably within 200 words)	
Diwali is a common festival for Hindus of Barishal during Kali Puja.	
Concerned Community(ies)/Group(s), (who recognize the element as part of their cultural heritage)	
Hindu community of Barishal	
Physical location(s) of the element/how often it is practiced	
Crematorium in Barishal city	
Short description of the Heritage, (preferably within 350 words)	
A two-day Diwali cremation ceremony is organized every year, during the occasion of Kali Puja, at the larges crematorium in the subcontinent in Barishal town of Bangladesh, at Kaunia Mahasmashan in the city to seek peace in the soul of deceased relatives. Around the Diwali festival, the Mahasmashan area becomes a popular destination for people from home and abroad. The whole cremation area is illuminated by candlelight. At this time, relatives pray for the peace of the soul of their loved ones and the followers of traditional religion believe that worshiping the ghost on the 14th	n r ə

day before Kali Puja brings peace to the soul of the deceased. So, the bereaved light a lamp on the altar and pray to the

worship is performed there. On the occasion of Diwali festival, thousands of Hindu men and women from different parts of the country gathered at Kaunia Mahasmashan and Adi crematorium of Natun Bazar. On the occasion of this festival, the cremation protection committee decorates the traditional Kaunia crematorium with lights. Thousands of people from all over the country, including India, gather at the traditional crematorium every year to pay their respects at the cremation Diwali festival. Meanwhile, on the occasion of the Diwali festival, according to sources, the tomb of Mahatma Ashwini Kumar Dutt, one of the leaders of the anti-British movement, has recently been brought from India. Strict security measures are put in place by the administration around the Diwali festival, the largest crematorium in the subcontinent. The Cremation Diwali festival has been celebrated in Barishal since 1928. During the two-day festival, various cultural programs are organized for the visitors. Domains of the Heritage (applicable fields) Oral Traditions and Expressions Performing Arts Social Customs and Traditions Knowledge and Practices related to Nature and Universe Traditional Craftsmanship Food Section-2: Characteristics of the element Practitioners(s)/performer(s) directly involved in the representation or practice of the Heritage (including roles, name, age, gender, social status, and/or professional category etc.) According to Sanatan Dharmalambi, every year on Bhoot Chaturdashi Punya Tithi, the mahasmashan is illuminated with the light of thousands of candles. On this day, Hindu devotees gather at the Mahasmashan and light candles at the mausoleum in memory of their deceased ancestors and relatives. At the same time, Kali Puja is celebrated. Other tradition bearers (individuals/groups and their roles)) Hindu community of Barishal Language(s), register(s), speech level(s) involved Local language of Barishal Associated tangible elements used (if any) Dresses, Fruits, traditional cakes, candle lights, flowers etc. How are women and people of other genders associated with this Heritage? Females says prayers to the God. Division of labour during the practice of this Heritage Both male and female practice this heritage [] Elements to which other customary practices or practices may be connected or accessed in any respect of the heritage (if any) Kirtan with religious songs and open music for the satisfaction of the soul of the loved ones. Modes of transmission to others in the community transmission takes places amidst the Hindu community only Organizations concerned (non-governmental organizations and others) Barishal Mahashahan Raksha Committee

Creator for heavenly bliss for the departed souls. He added that the cremation Diwali festival which started on Friday night will end at 10 pm on Saturday. Every year on this day, Hindus come to the grave of their relatives at the original crematorium of Barisal on the full moon day of Chaturthadashi and pay their respects by lighting candles. Besides,

Section-3: State of the element (viability)	_
Threats to the enactment	
No	
□ Enactment Threats Description	
N/A	
Threats to the transmission (if any)	
No	
Threat to associated tangible elements and resources (if any)	
No	
Uiability of associated intangible elements (if any)	
No	
Have been taken any safeguarding measures to preserve this Heritage practices? (if any)	
N/A	
Section-4: Data gathering/documentation, Consent and preparation of inventory entries	_
Consent of community/group/individuals concerned for data collection with a view to inventorying Oral Consent has been taken.	
Restrictions on use of collected data, (if any)	
Section-5: Resource Person	-
Data provider/Resource person (persons/groups, community representatives)	
N/A	
□ Date of data collection	
<pre>Place(s) of data collection</pre>	
Barishal	
☐ Section-6: Safeguarding techniques	
Existing safeguarding techniques adopted by the community for the safeguarding of the Heritage	
Not necessary	
 Suggestions for safeguarding of the Heritage from the community Uninterrupted security arrangements should be ensured by the police during the festival. 	
Chinterrupted security arrangements should be ensured by the police dufflig the lestival.	

☐ References to/in literature
https://barta24.com/details/national/59951/barisal-diwali-festival
https://www.instagram.com/p/Bp4y0-ogFla/?hl=bn
Audiovisual materials or archives
Some videos are available on YouTube. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=K6Y5H-58XhM https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FFK2jEAAEsY
Discography or archives
N/A
Section-8: Modalities for updating the information contained in the inventory entry
Data Compiler (persons/groups, including community representatives, who compiled the information)
N/A
Date of Community Consent
25-01-2022
Consent of community/group/individuals concerned for data collection with a view to inventorying
Yes
Present Condition of Heritage
Developing or Expanding
Brief description of Present condition of the Heritage, (if any)
Every year on Bhoot Chaturdashi Punya Tithi, the mahasmashan is lit up with thousands of candles. On this day, Hindu devotees gather at the Mahasmashan and light candles at the mausoleum in memory of their deceased ancestors and relatives. At the same time, Kali Puja is celebrated. Every year, lakhs of people from India, Nepal and other parts of the subcontinent gather in this crematorium, which is almost 200 years old. Devotees and tourists come from all over the country to see the Diwali festival of this crematorium.
☐ Section-9: Community suggestions —
Brief description of suggestions for safeguarding of the element by community members/experts/holders, (if any)
Restrictions on use of collected data, (if any).
Section-10: Upload Document –
Heritage Details Document
PDF

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